

**CITOGENETICA III**

**PATOLOGÍAS**

**CROMOSÓMICAS EN**

**ANIMALES DOMÉSTICOS**

# Citogenética en Ovinos



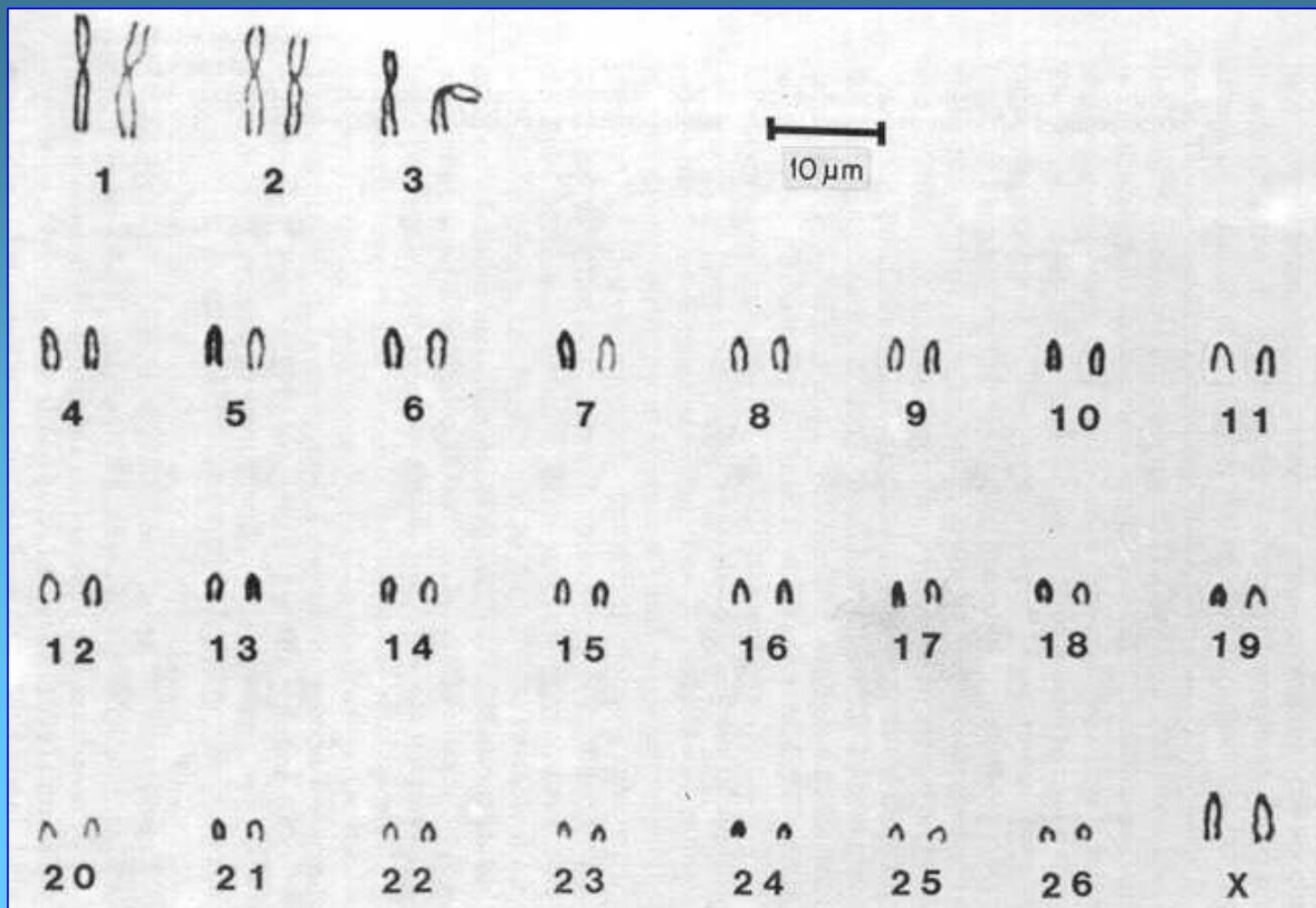
[www.allfunnypictures.com](http://www.allfunnypictures.com)

# CARNERO CRIOLLO (*Ovis aries*)

2n=54



## Cariotipo normal del ovino $2n= 54$



## ALTERACIONES CROMOSOMICAS EN OVINOS:

**Translocaciones Robertsonianas:** t1 5/26 Bruere et al. 1976

t2 8/11 " " " "

t3 7/25 " " " "

Comb. t1 y t2 " " " 1981  
(No afectan fertilidad)

**Quimerismos:** 54,XX/XY Wilkes et al. 1978 (Freemartin)

**Translocaciones reciprocas:** 54,XY t(1p-;24q+) Gilhan-Luft et al. 1977

54,XY t(1p-;20q+) " " " " 1980  
(Disminuye muerte fetal)

**Mosaicismos:** 54,XX/55,XYY Moraes et al. 1980  
(Disminuye fertilidad)

**Aneuploidias:** 55,XXY Bruere & Kilgour 1974  
(Hipoplasia testicular)

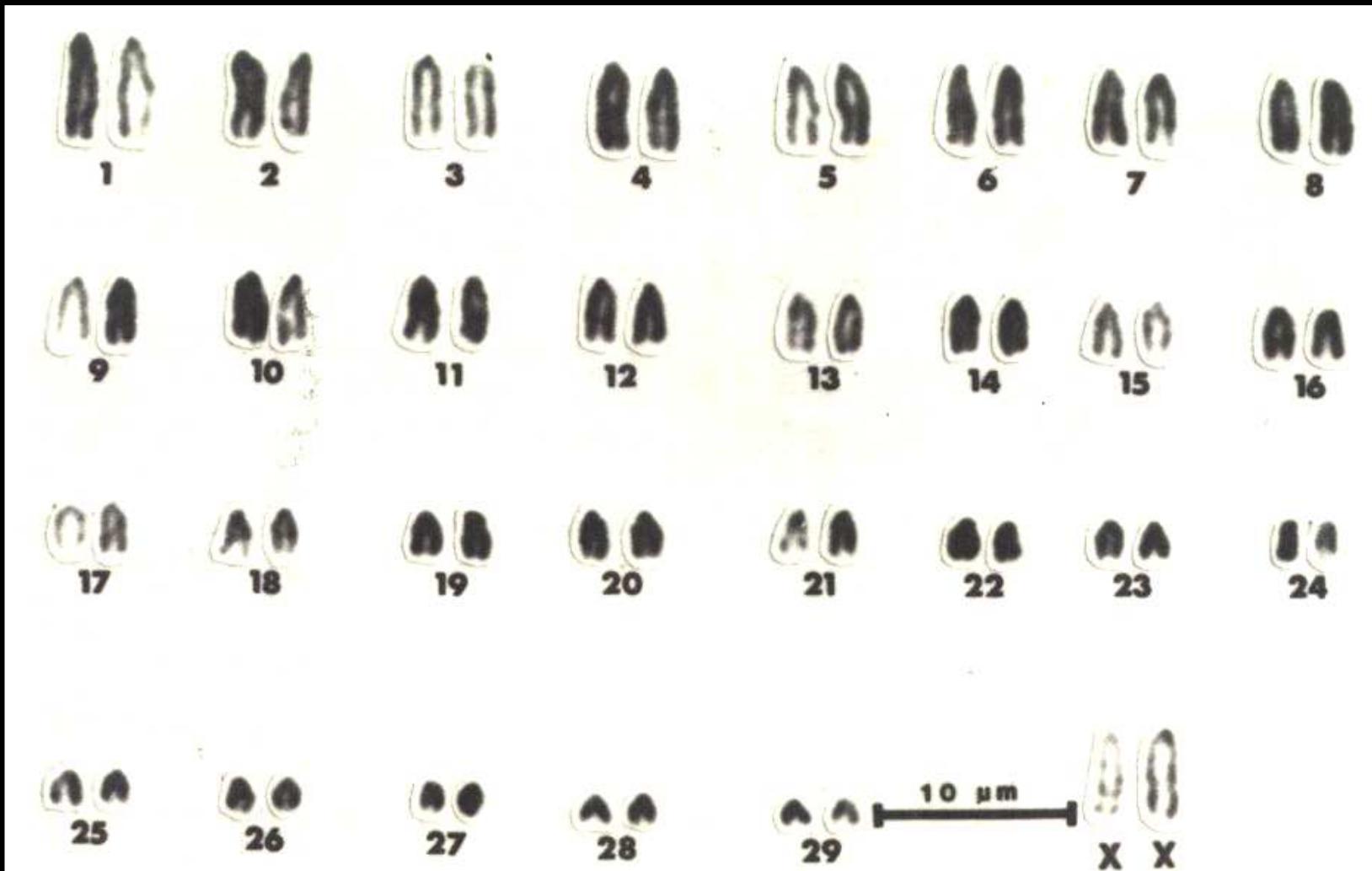


**CABRA (*Capra hircus*)**  
**2n=60**

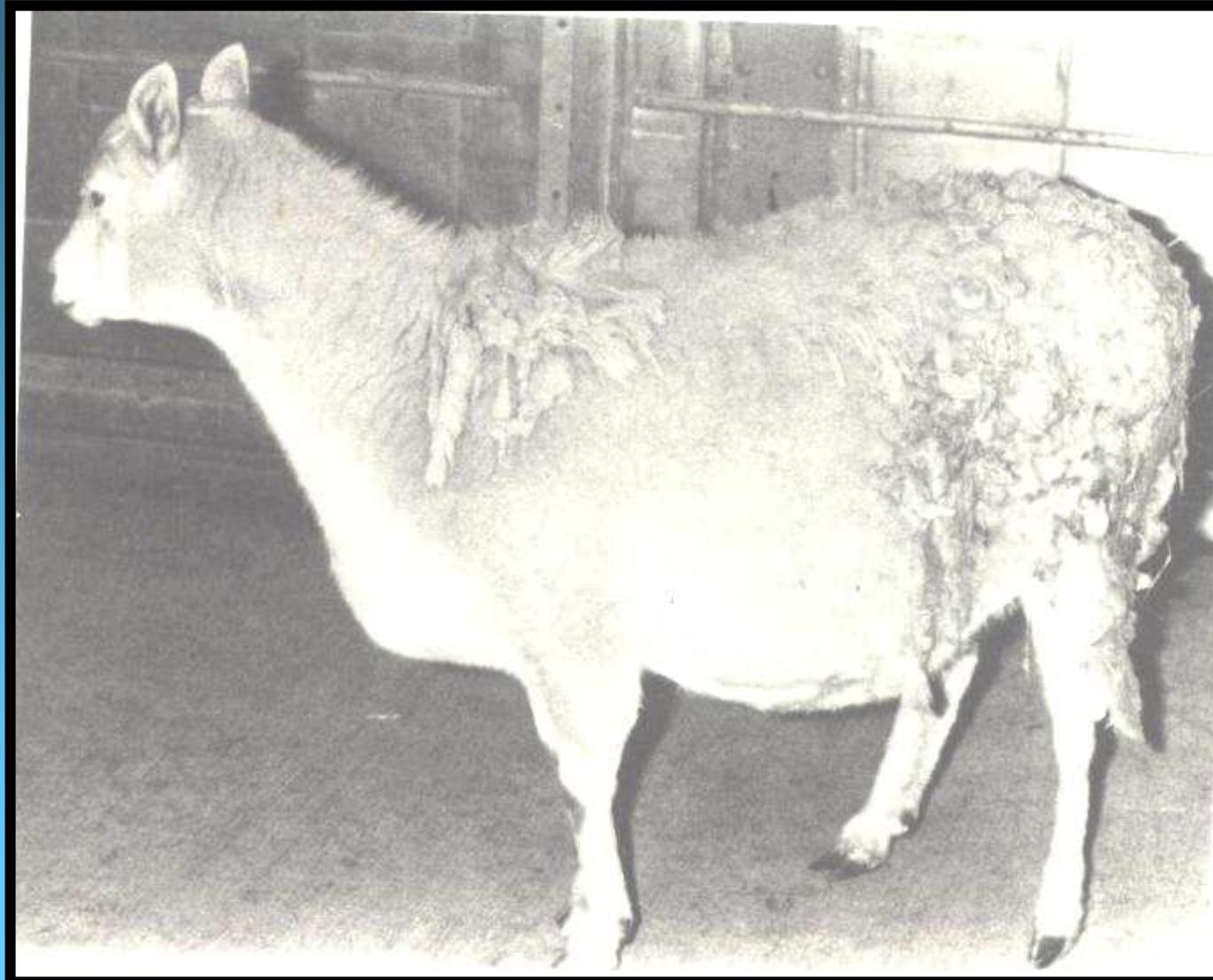


# CARIOTIPO DE CABRA

2n=60

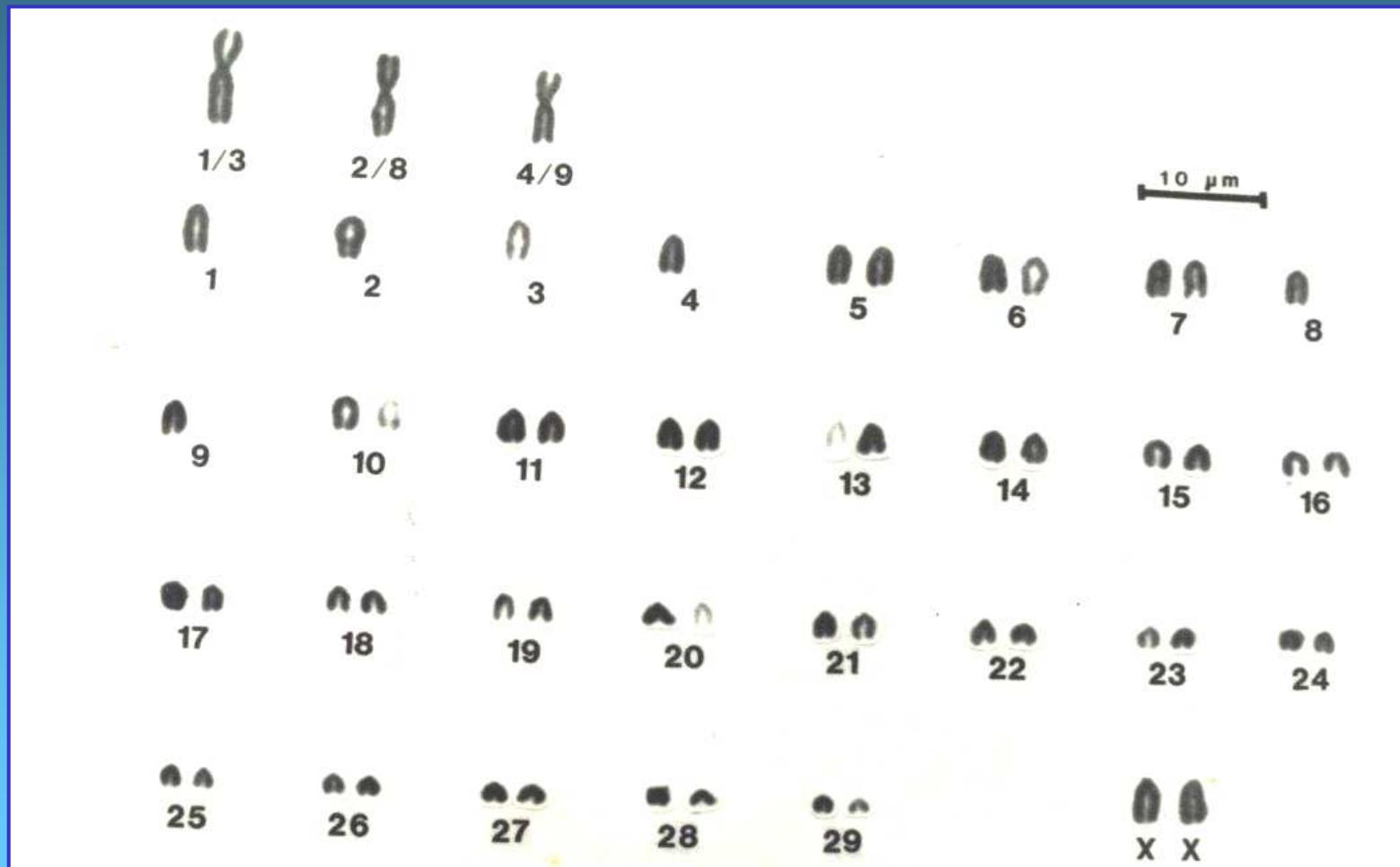


## HIBRIDO CABRA x OVEJA



# HIBRIDO CABRA x OVEJA

$2n=57$  (Infértil)





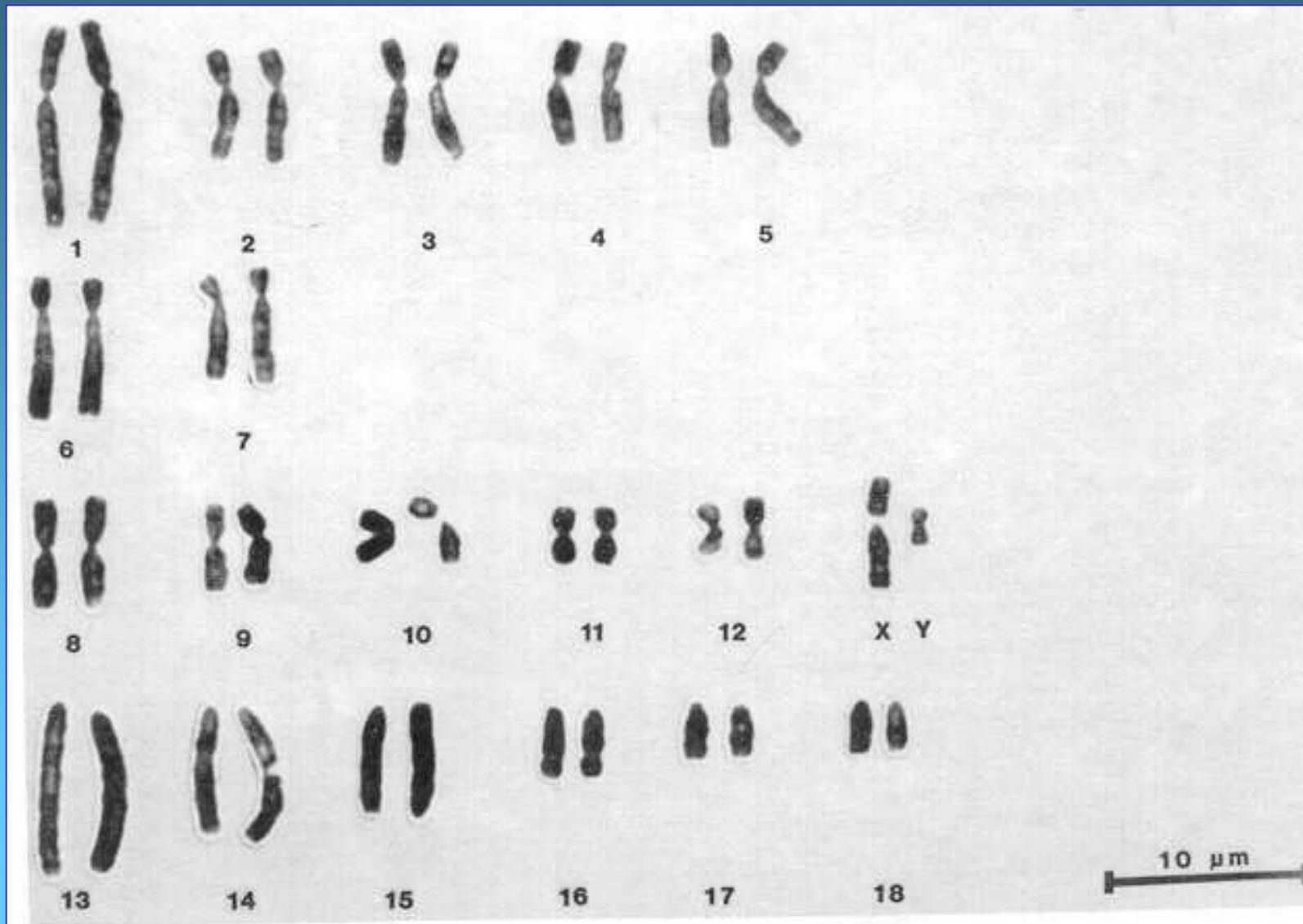
# Citogenética en Cerdos



**CERDO DOMÉSTICO (*Sus scrofa*)**  
 **$2n=38$**



## Cariotipo normal de *Sus scrofa* 2n=38



## INTERSEXOS EN CERDOS

<b>nº de animales</b>	<b>constitución cromosómica</b>	<b>Referencias</b>
2	38,XX	Basrur & Kanagawa (1971)
1	38,XX/38,XY; 80%XY	
1	39,XXY	Breeuwsma (1968)
1	38,XX/38,XY; 91%XY	Bruere y cols. (1968)
7	Cromatina sexual (hembras)	Cantwell y cols. (1958)
1	38,XX	Hard & Eisen (1965)
4	38,XY	Lojda (1975)
7	38,XX/38,XY	
1	38,XX	
1	38,XX/38,XY/37,X0	
15	sin citología	
1	t rcp(6p+;14q-)	Madan y cols. (1978)
1	38,XX	Makino y cols, (1962)
1	37,XX + rob(13/17)	Masuda y cols. (1975)
1	38,XX/38,XY; 90%XX	Mc. Fee y cols. (1966)
2	38XX	Mc.Feely y cols. (1967)
7	38,XX	Melander y cols. (1971)
8	38,XX	Miyake (1973)
12	38,XX	Okamoto & Masuda (1977)
1	38,XX	Vogt (1966)

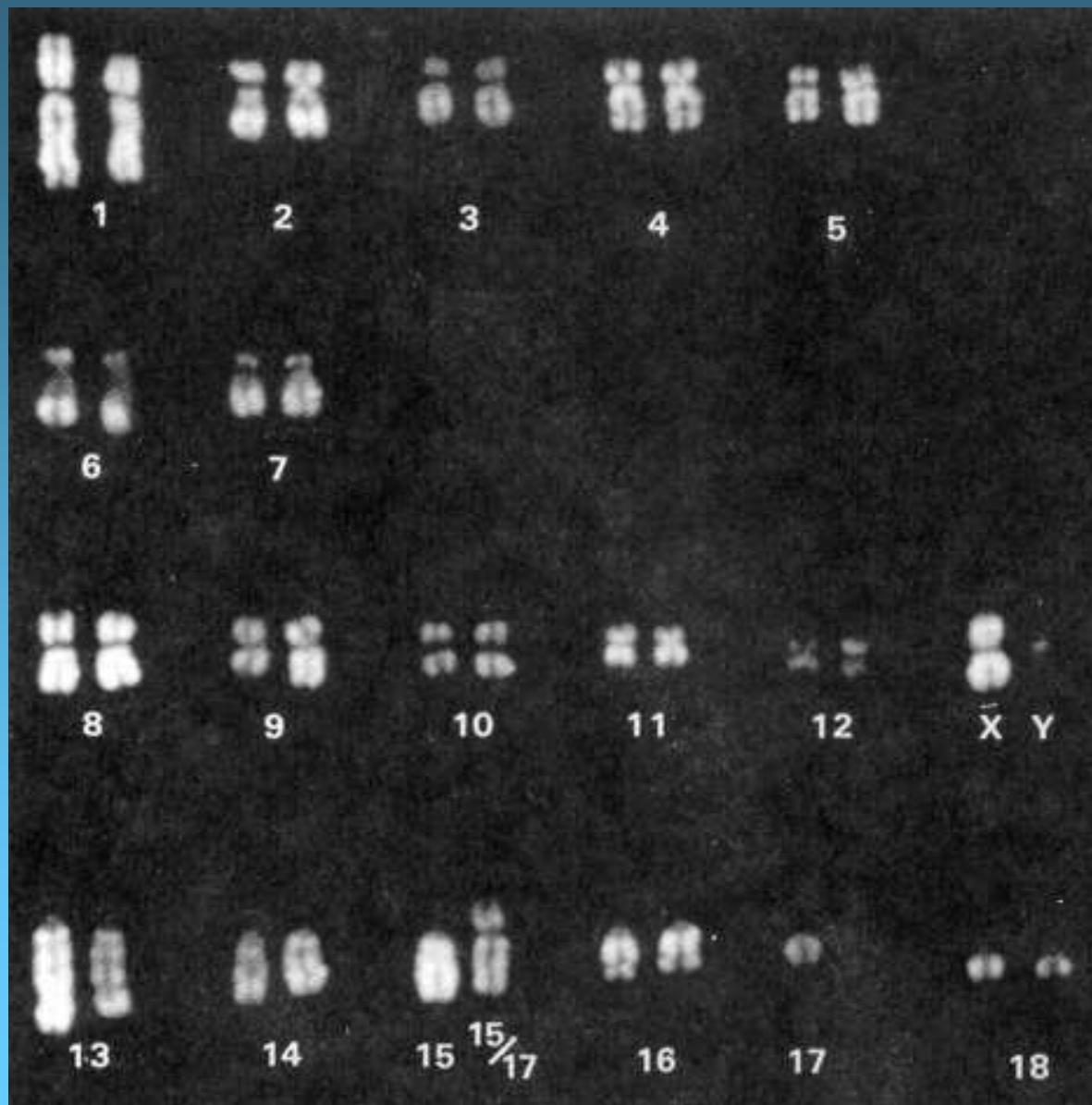
## Traslocaciones en cerdos

TABLE 13.2. Naturally Occurring Autosomal Aberrations in Swine

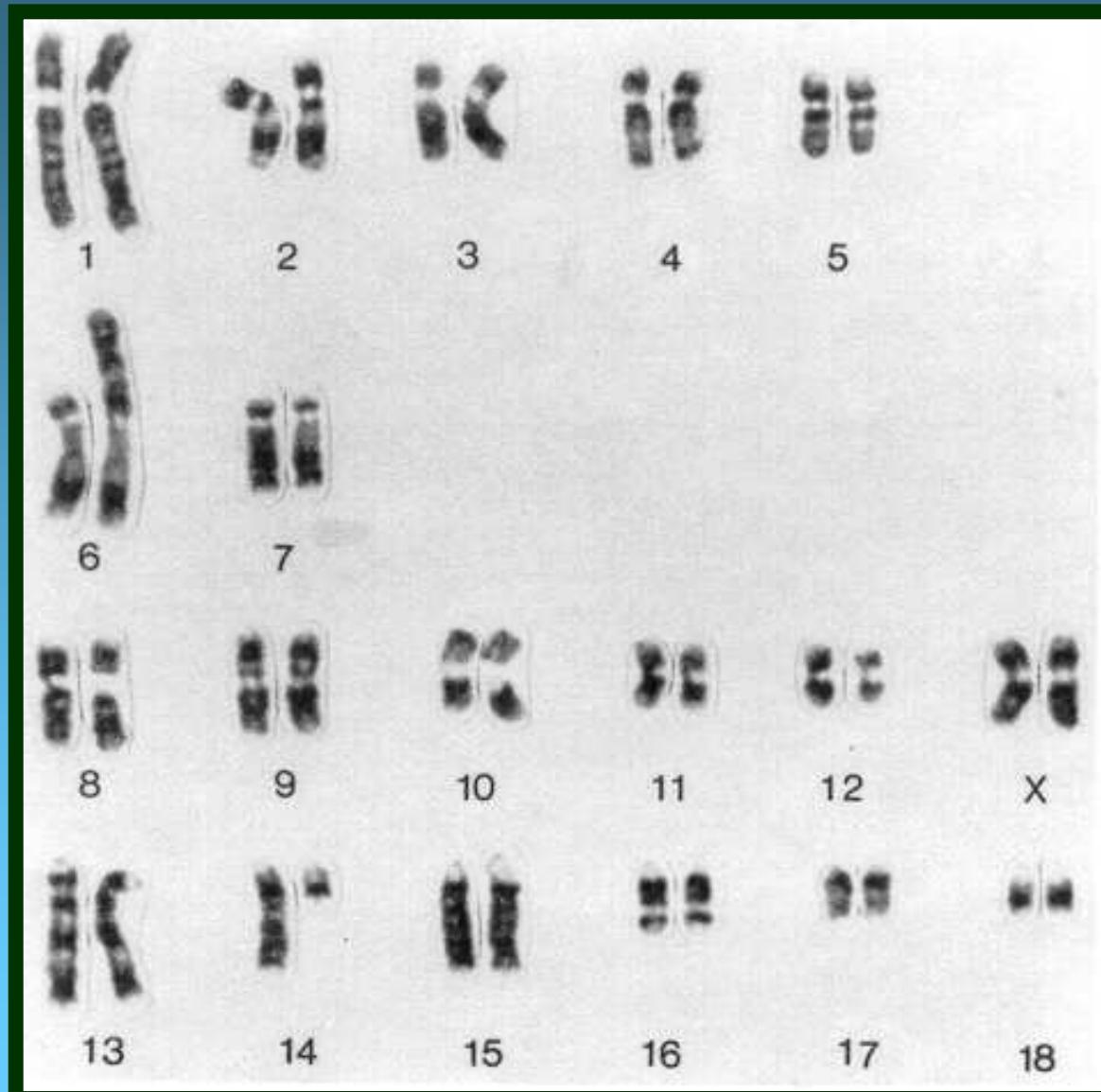
Description of aberration <sup>a</sup>	Other information	Reference
t rcp(1p-;6q+)	Reduced litter size	Lochniskar <i>et al.</i> (1976)
t rcp(1p-;16p+)		Forster <i>et al.</i> (1981)
t rcp(1p+;14q-)	Reduced litter size	Gustavsson and Settergren (1983)
t rcp(1q-;17q+)	Reduced litter size	Gustavsson and Settergren (1983)
t rcp(1p-;8q+)	Reduced litter size	Gustavsson and Settergren (1983)
t rcp(4q+;14q-)	Reduced litter size	Popescu and Legault (1979)
t rcp(6p+;14q-)	Intersex	Madan <i>et al.</i> (1978)
t rcp(6p+;15q-)		Bouters <i>et al.</i> (1974)
t rcp(7q-;11q+)	Reduced litter size	Gustavsson and Settergren (1983)
t rcp(7q-;15q+)	Reduced litter size	Popescu (1983)
t rcp(9p+;11q-)	Reduced litter size	Gustavsson and Settergren (1983)
t rcp(11p+;15q-)		Hagel torn <i>et al.</i> (1973) Henricson and Backstrom (1964)
t rcp(13q-;14q+)	Reduced litter size	Hagel torn (1976)
rob(13/17)	Normal phenotype	Miyake <i>et al.</i> (1977)
rob(13/17)	(2)	Masuda <i>et al.</i> (1975)
	Intersex	

<sup>a</sup> The numbers are not strictly comparable because different standard karyotype references were used by some.

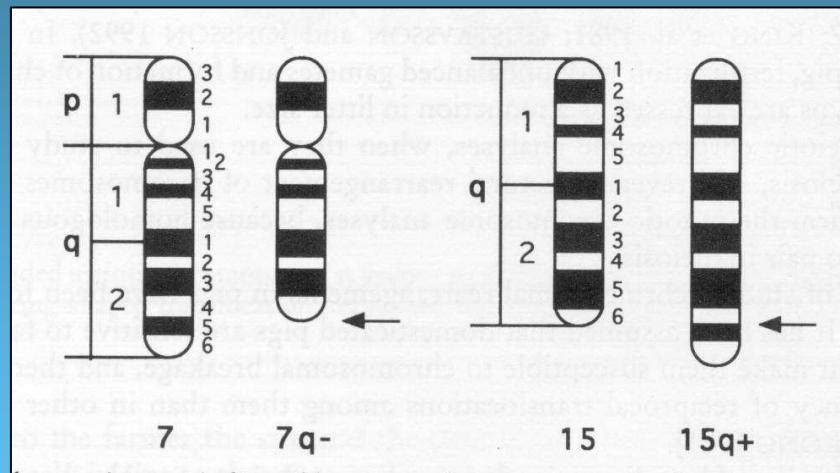
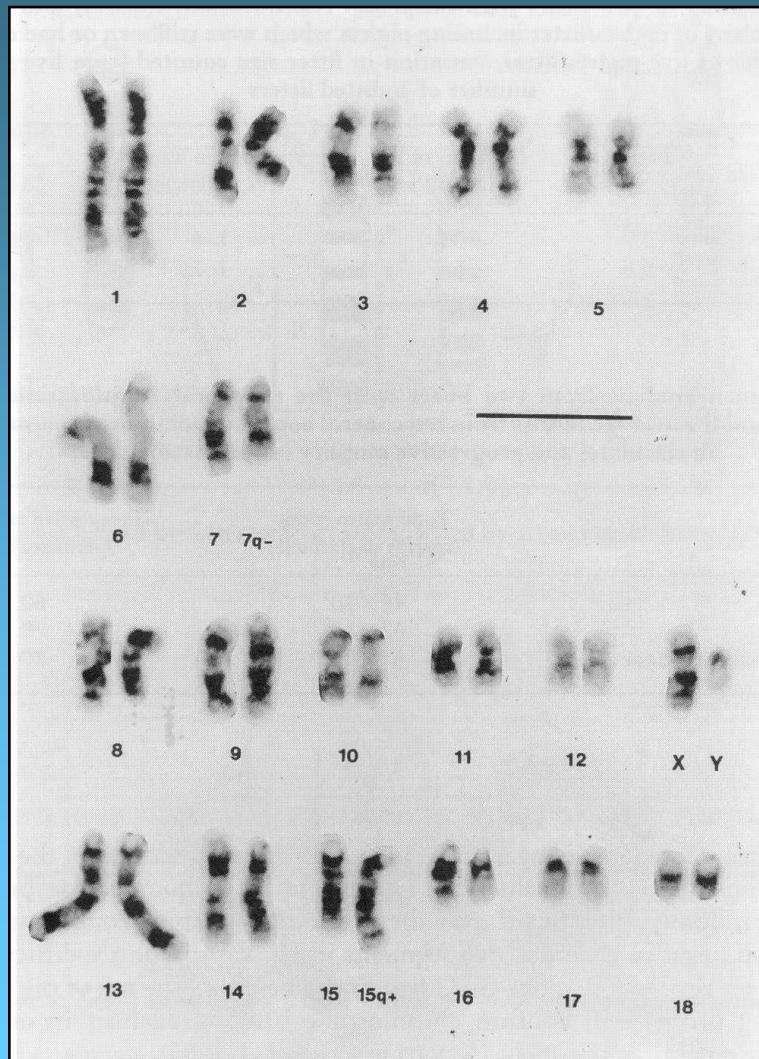
## Traslocación Robertsoniana Rob.15/17



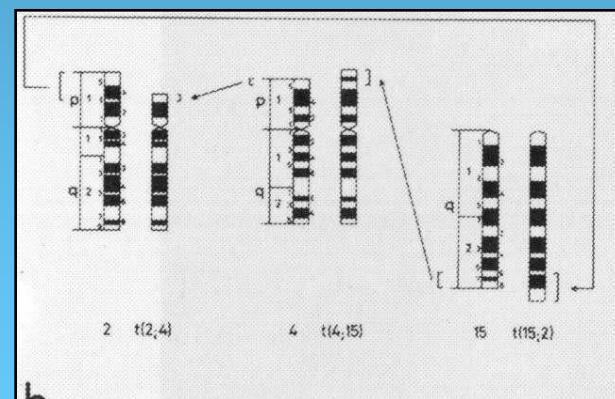
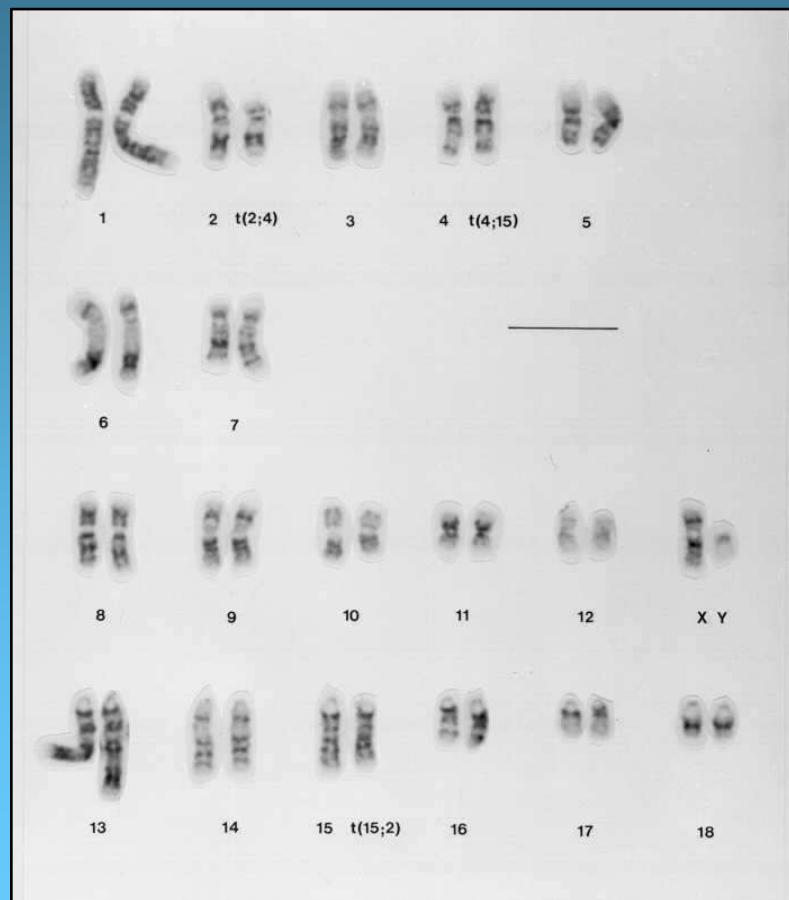
## Translocación Recíproca: + rcp(6p+; 14q-)



## Translocación Recíproca: $t\ rcp(15q+;7q-)$

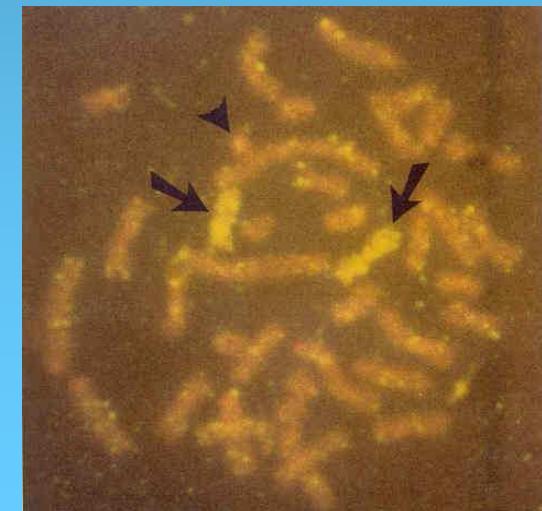
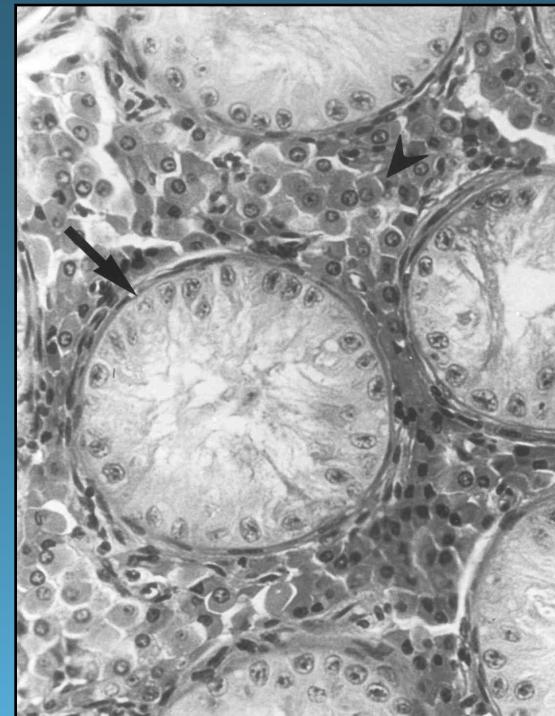
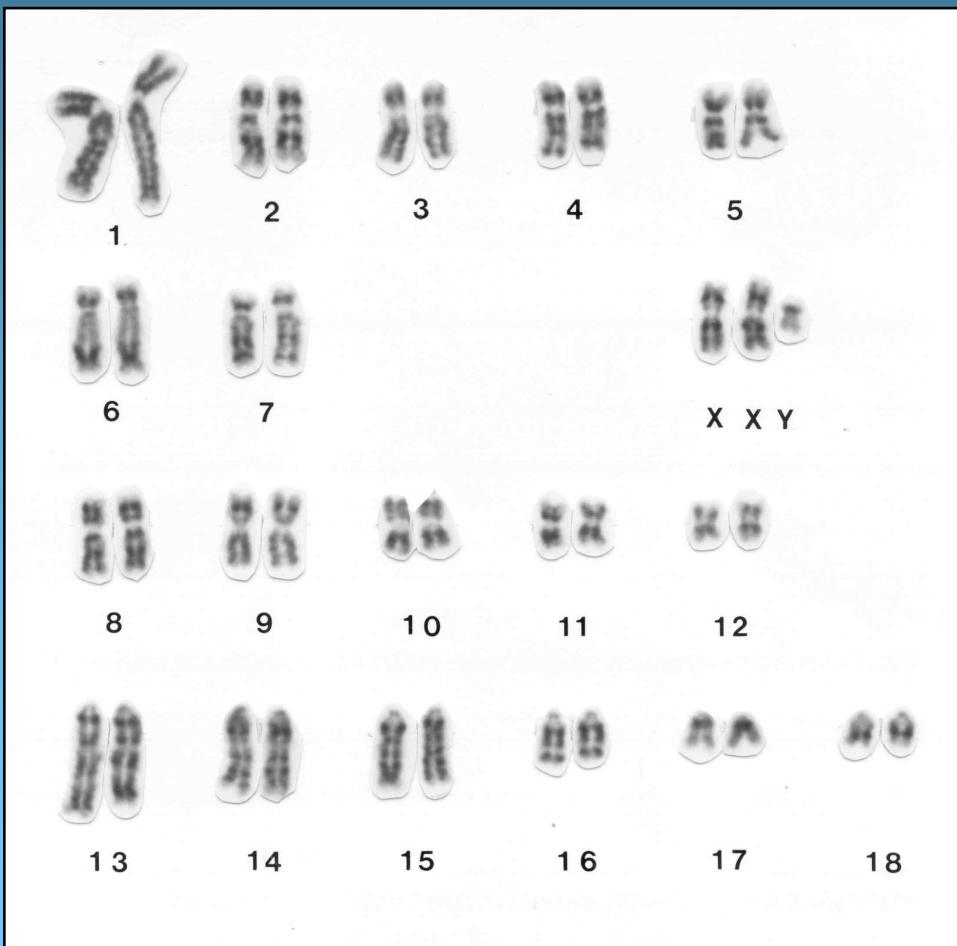


# Translocación Recíproca: t rcp(2;4) (4;15) (15;2)



# ANEUPLOIDIA DE LOS SEXUALES

Cerdo XXY 2n=39



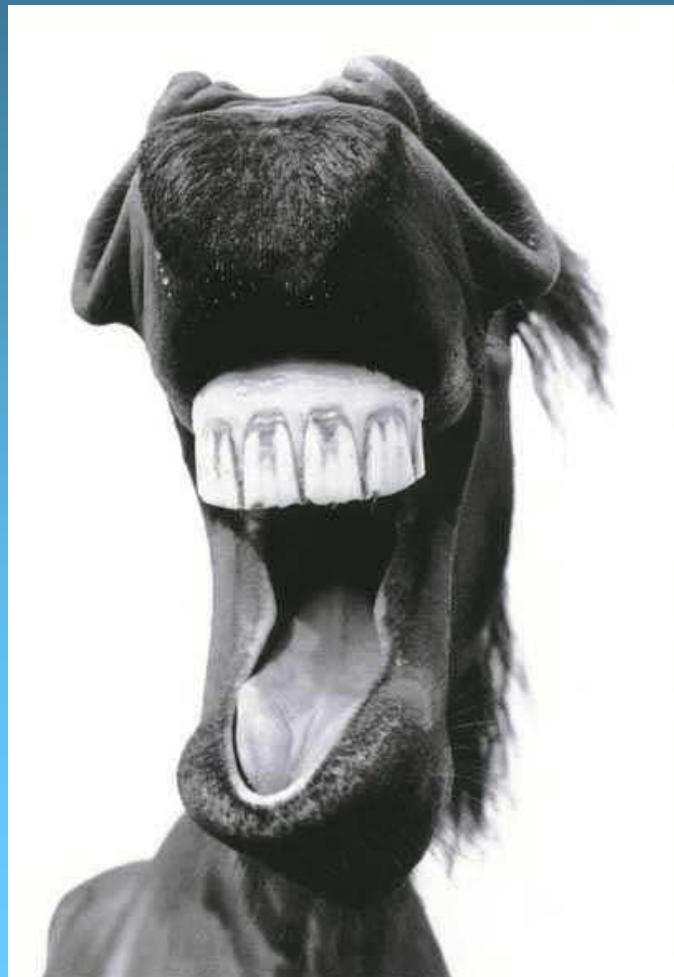
# Citogenética en équidos



*Equus caballus*

(caballo doméstico)

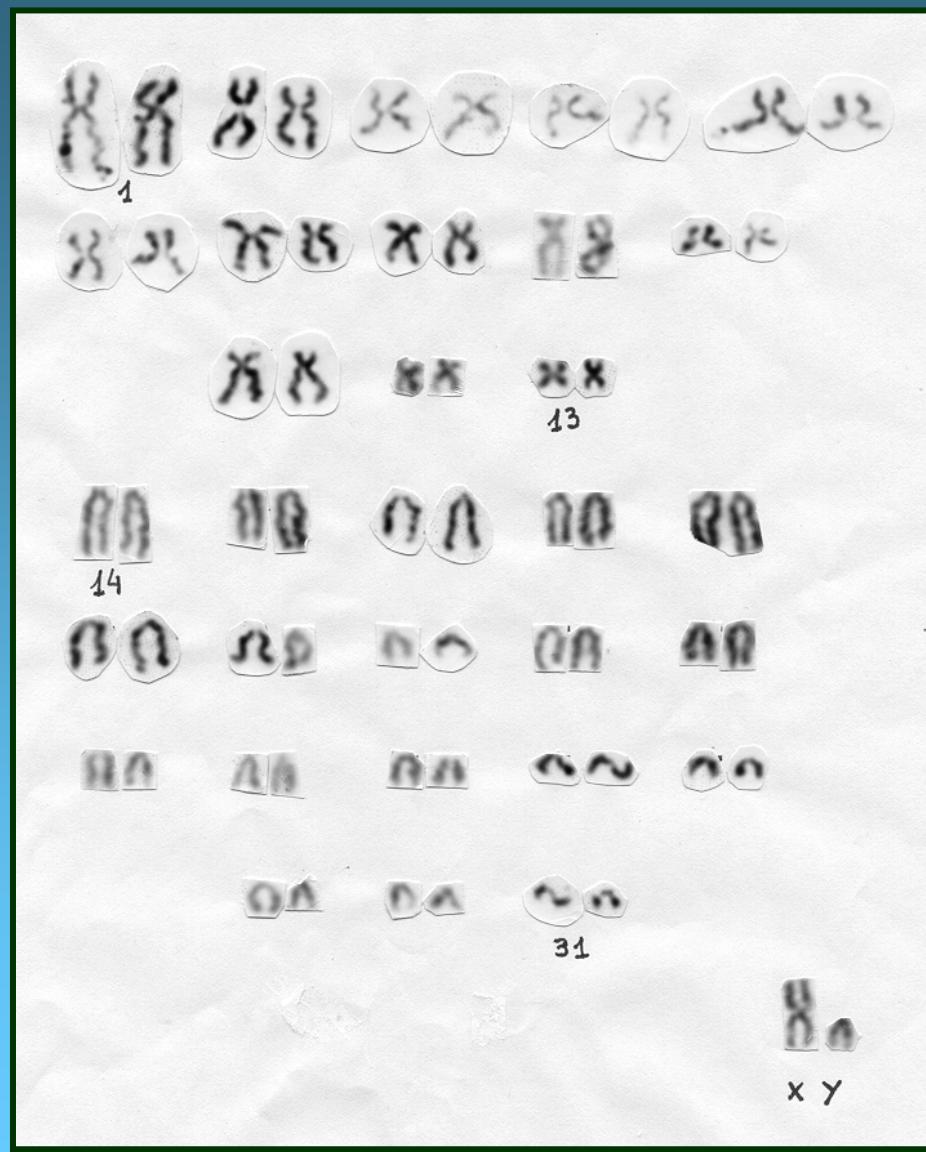
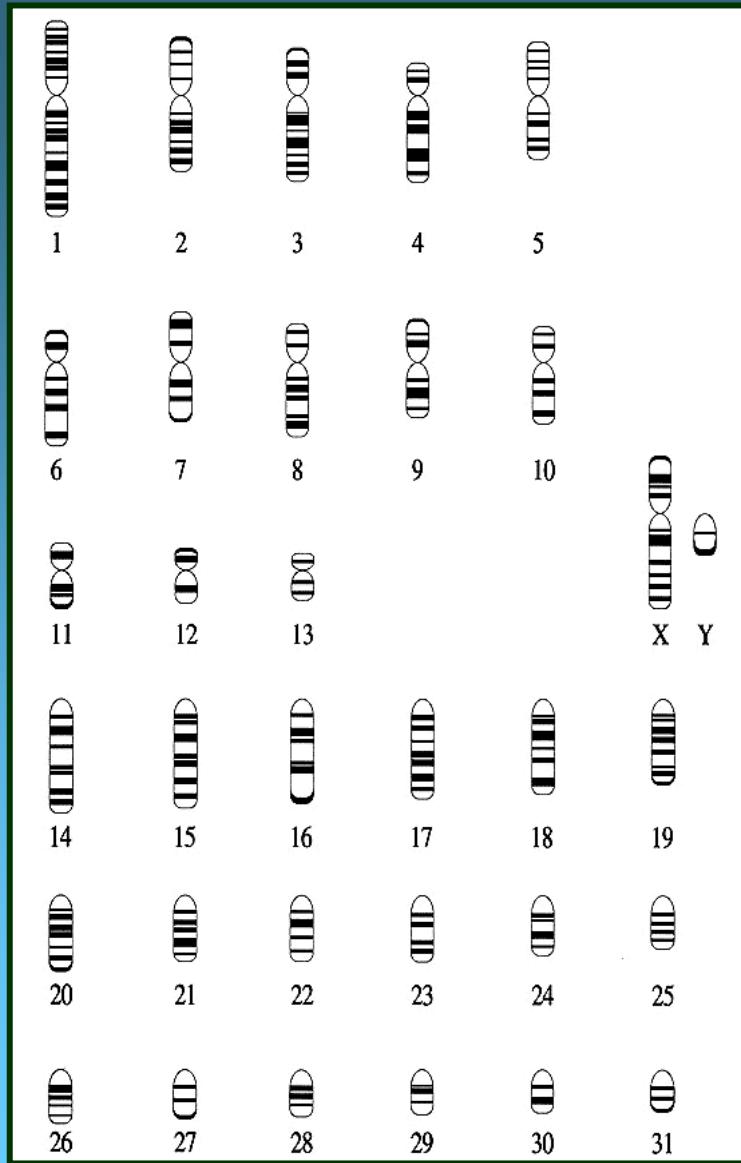
$2n=64$



## Híbridos cebra/ caballo, cebra/burro, caballo/burro ( todos infériles)



## Idiograma y cariotipo de *Equus caballus* macho





**El 90% de las aberraciones cromosómicas en equinos involucran a los cromosomas sexuales**

## **PATOLOGIA**

**Hipoplasia ovárica**

**Disgenesia gonadal**

**Hipoplasia testicular**

**Criptorquidia**

**Intersexualidad**

## **CROMOSOMAS SEXUALES**

**XXY/XY      X0      X0/XX**

**X0/XX      X0      X0/XY      XX/X0/XY**

**XXY**

**XXY/XY/XX/X0**

**XX/XY XX      XXXY      XX/XXY      XY      X0/XXY**

**Otras alteraciones: Trisomías de los cromosomas autosómicos 23, 26, 28, 30 y 31**



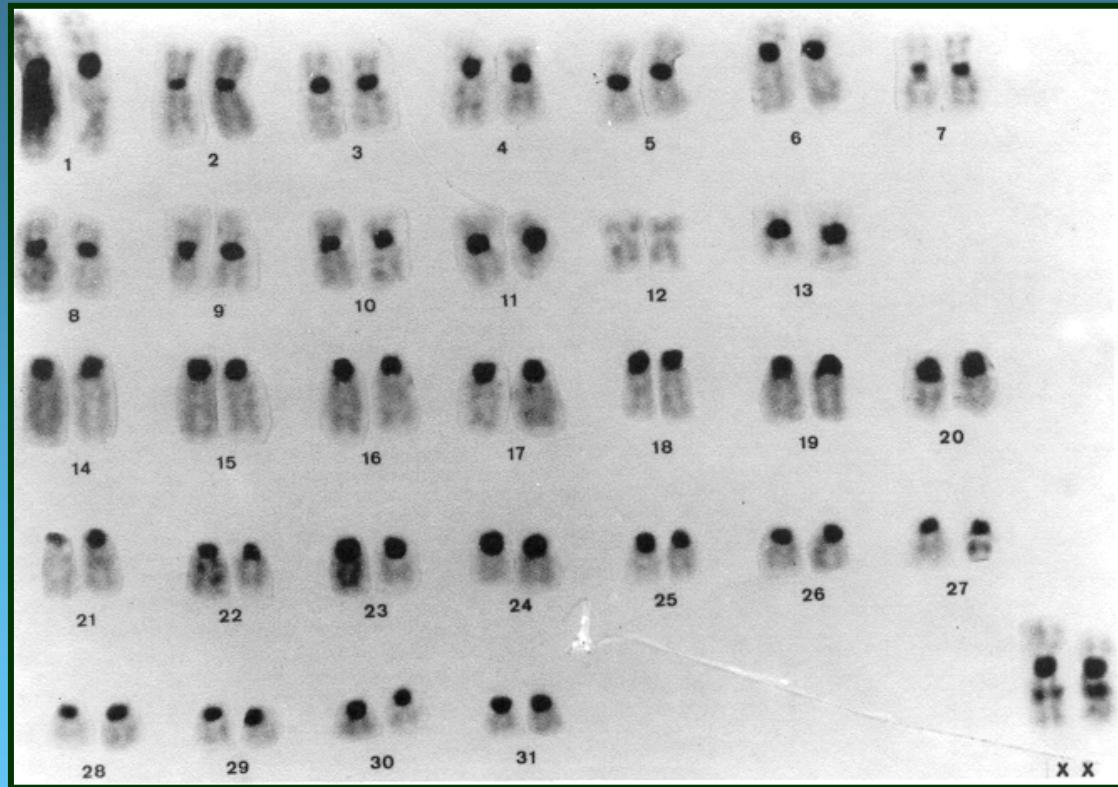
## **Por qué realizar estudios citogenéticos en equinos con problemas reproductivos?**

- Todas las alteraciones cromosómicas están relacionadas con problemas reproductivos.**
- La detección temprana de animales con aberraciones cromosómicas ahorra tiempo y dinero a los productores.**

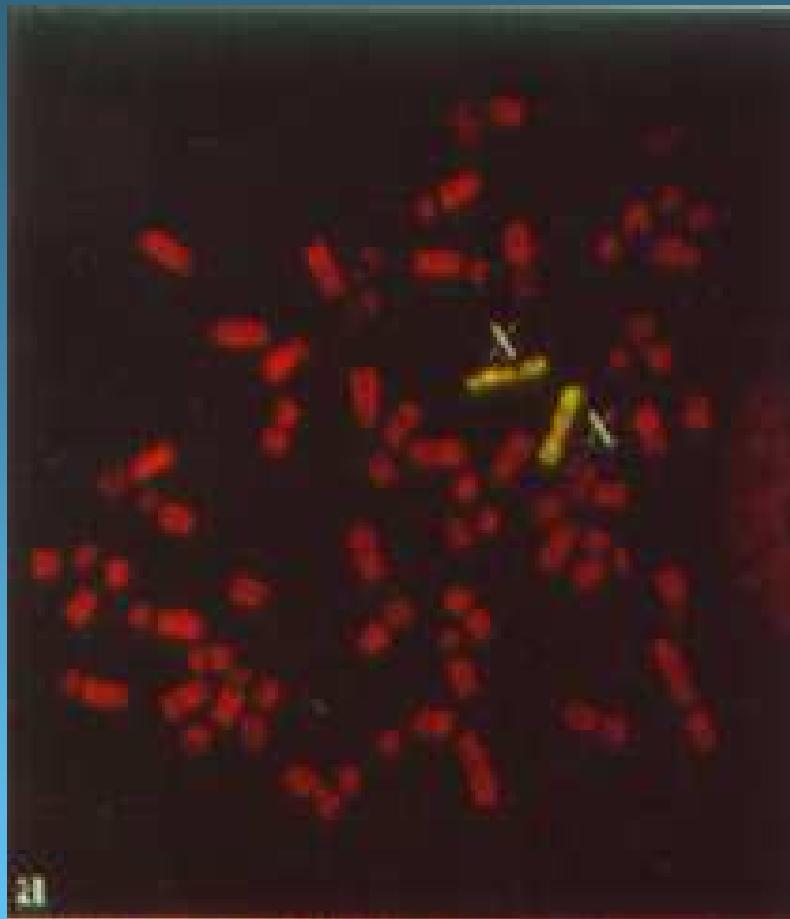
# Identificación de los cromosomas sexuales por banda C



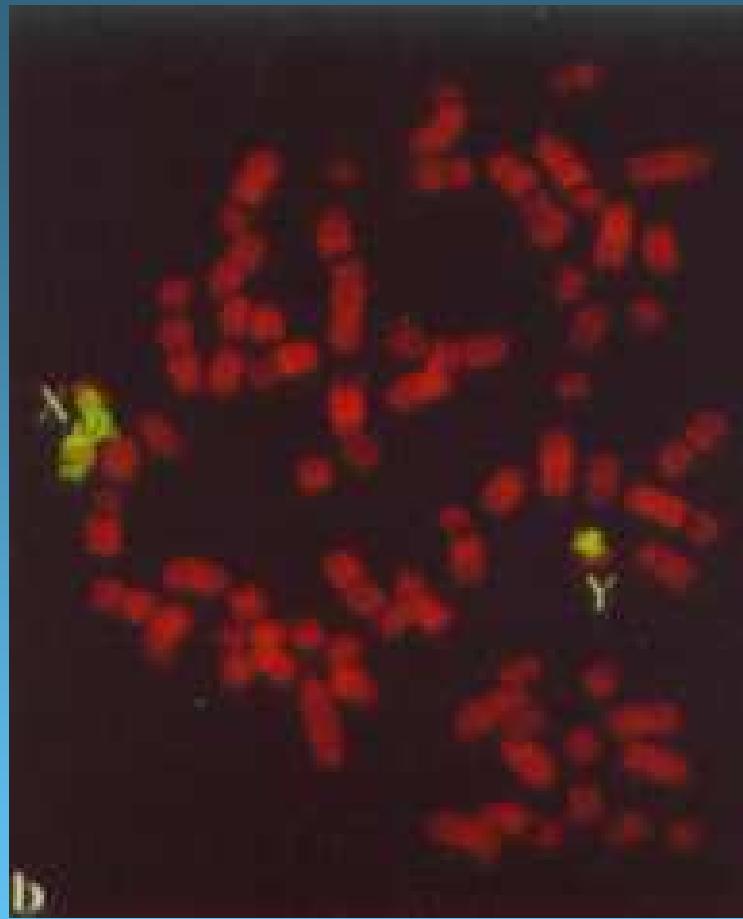
Cromosomas X  
bandeados



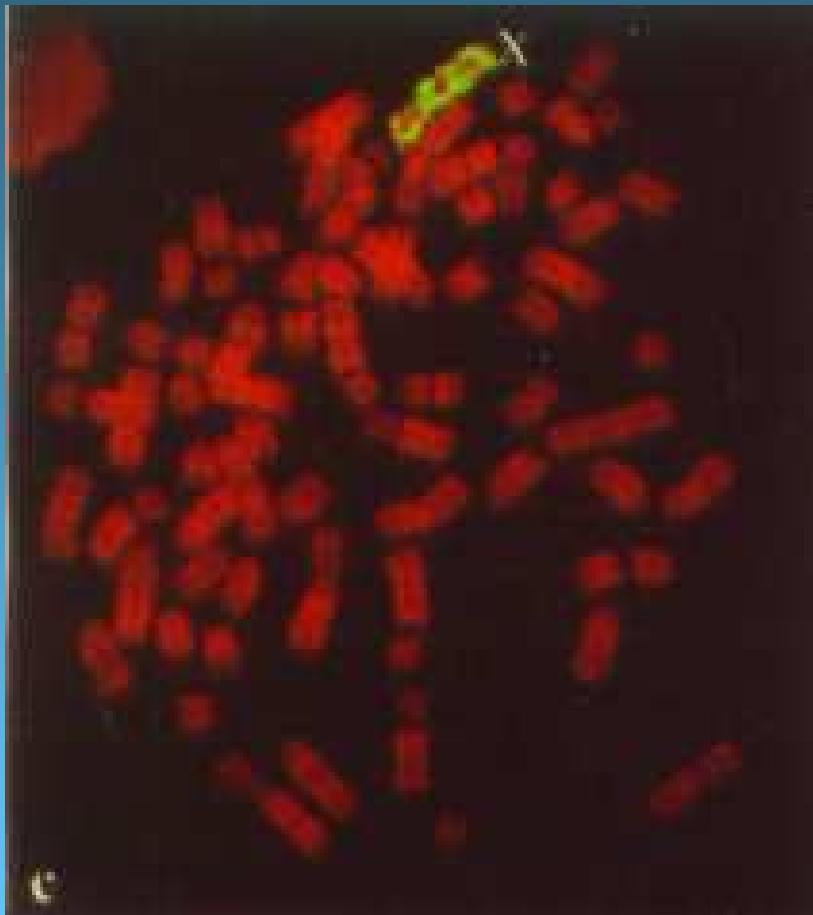
Cariotipo Banda C



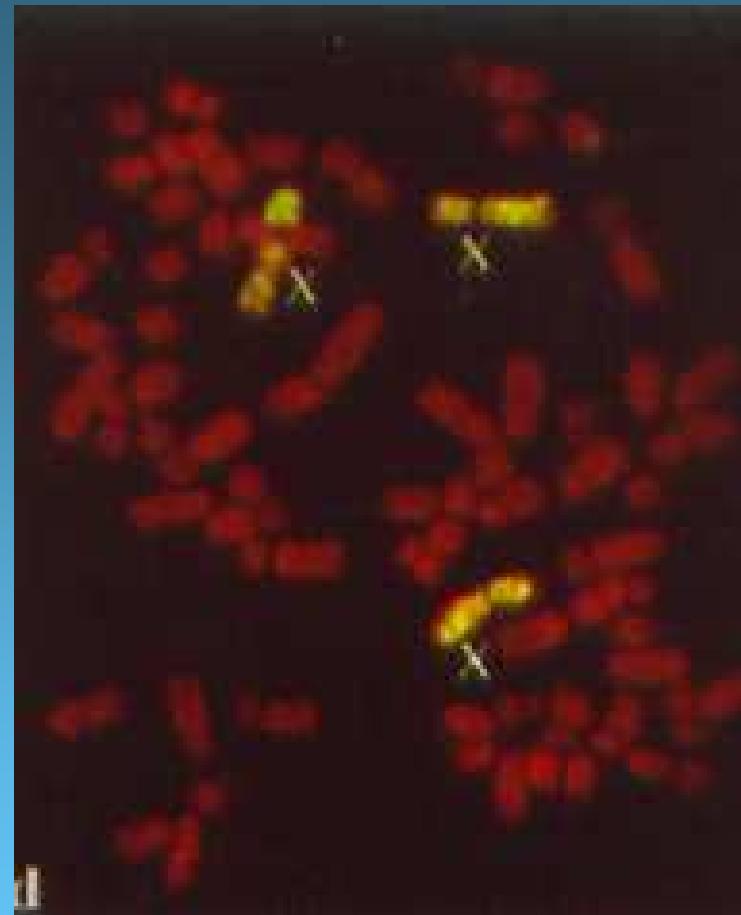
Hembra Normal



Macho Normal



Monosomía del X

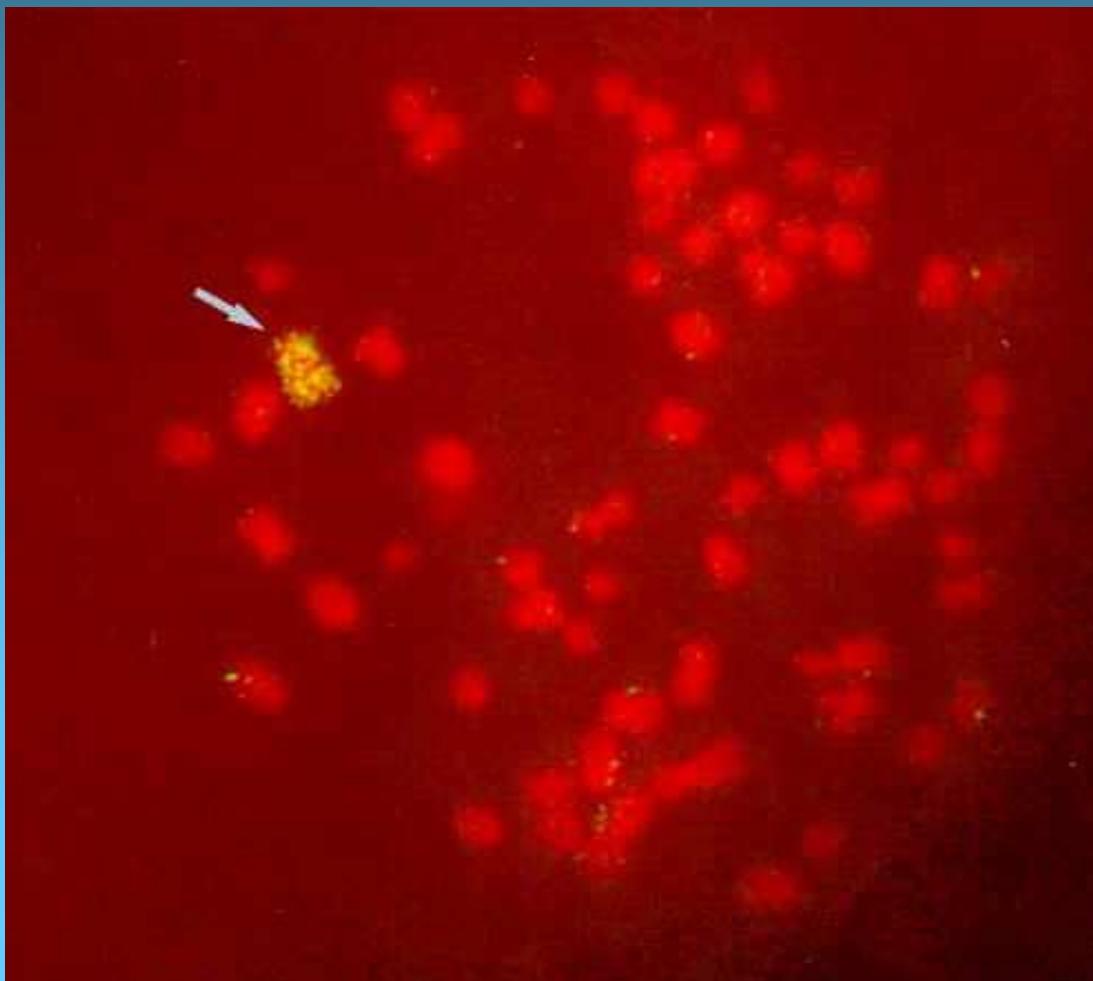


Trisomía del X

**Yegua 2n = 63,X0**



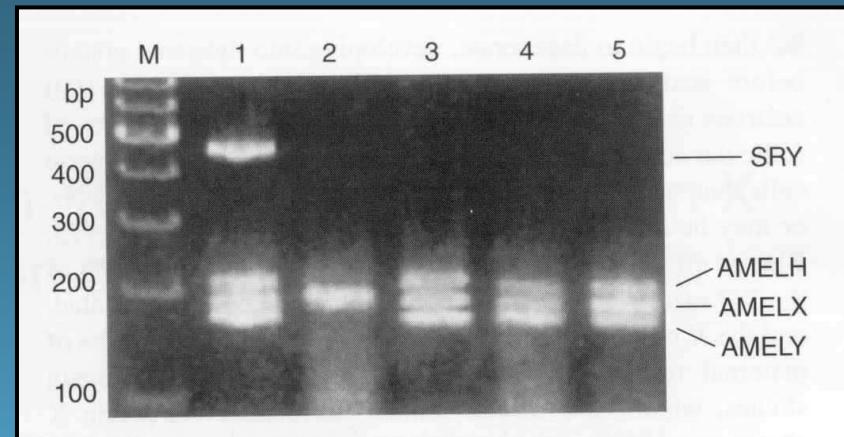
Yegua  $2n = 63, X0$



## **Yegua 2n = 63,X0**



# Yegua 2n= 64XY Intersexo gonadal



# Equino con Hipospadia

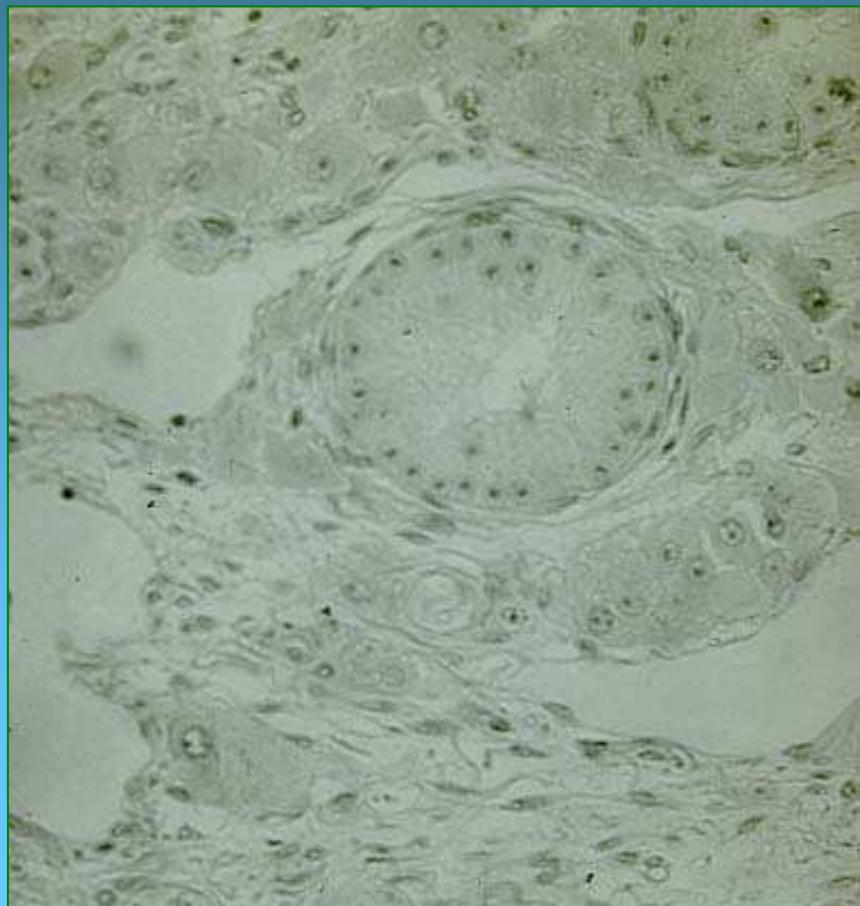
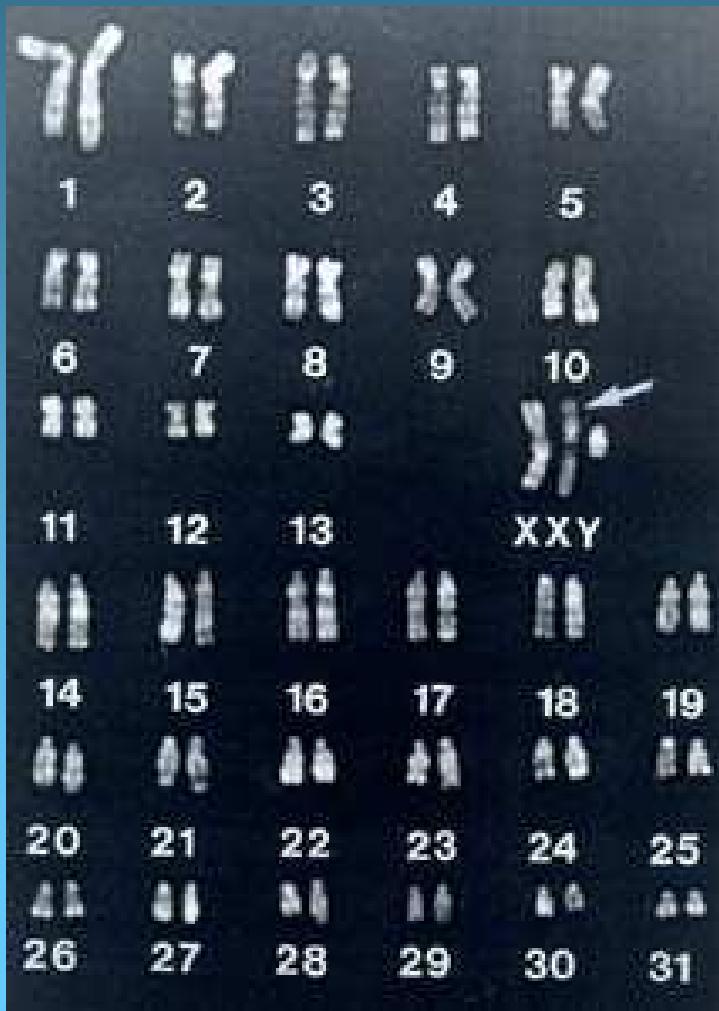
## (cariotipo $2n = 65$ , XXY)



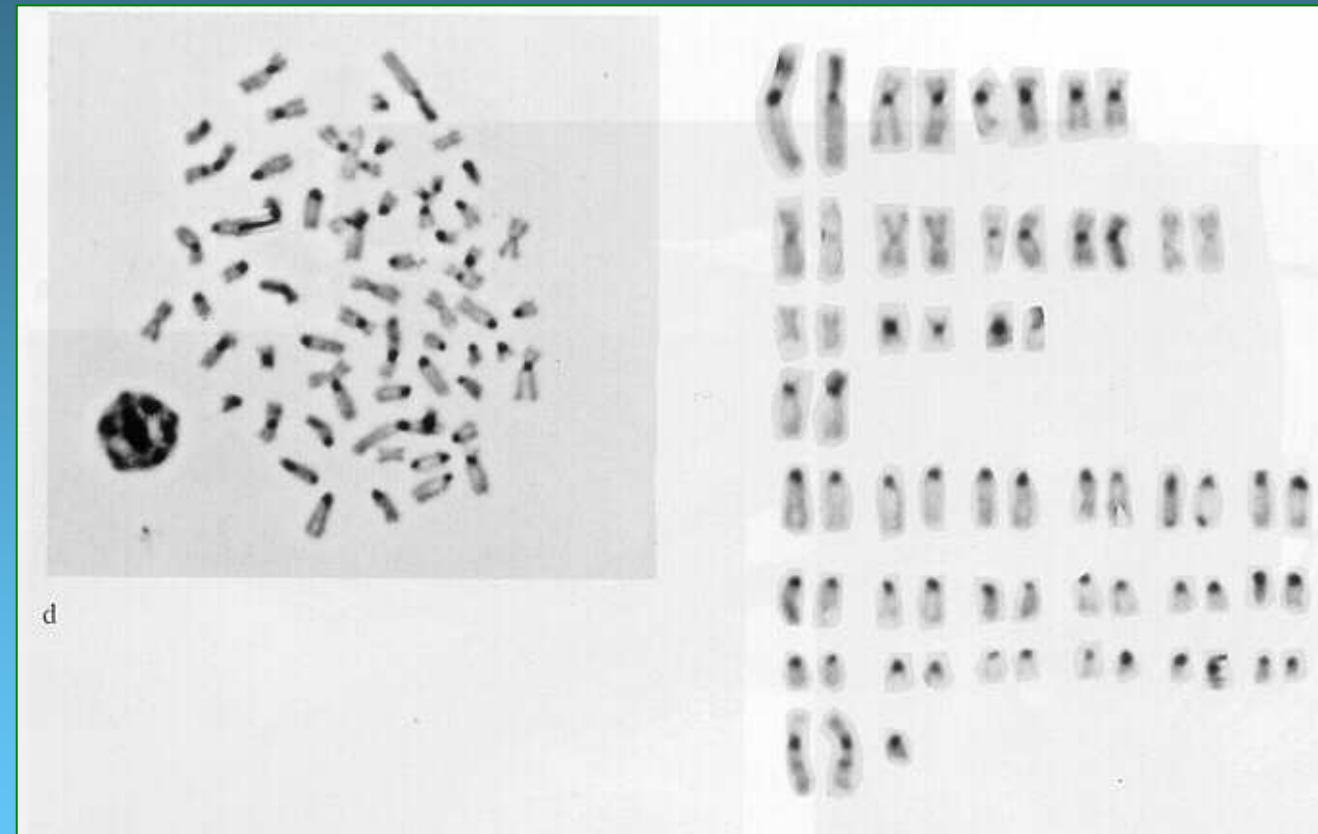
## Equino con Hipospadía (cariotipo $2n = 65$ , XXY)



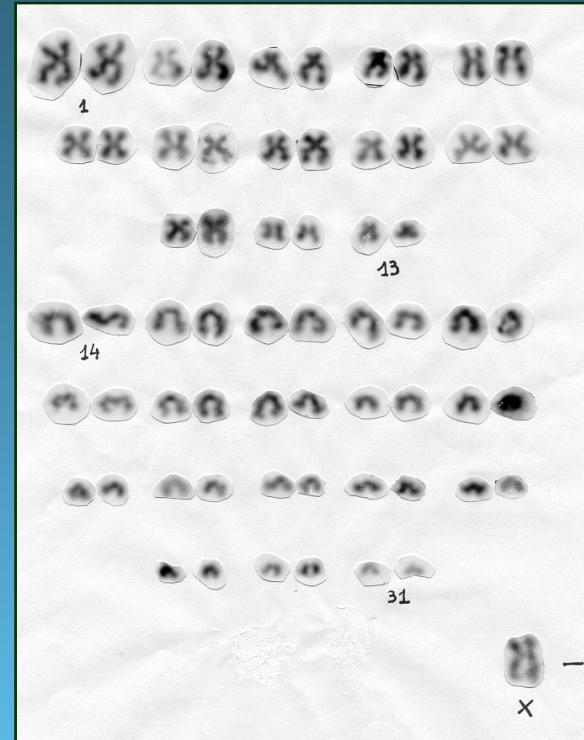
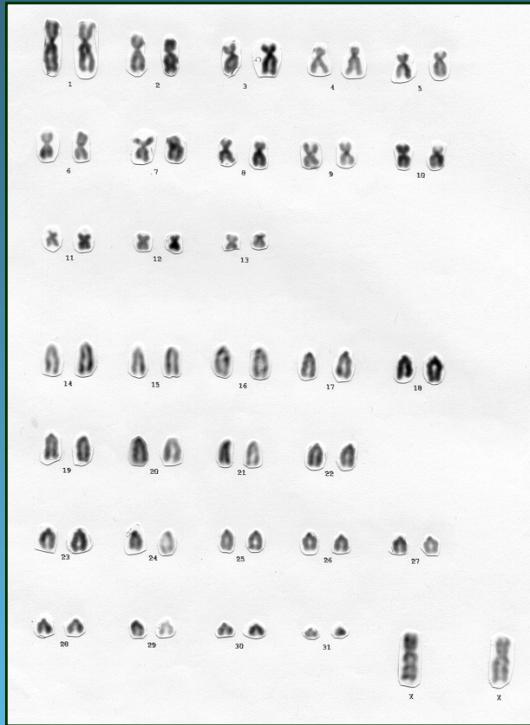
## Cariotipo e histología del animal hipospádico $2n = 65, \text{XXY}$



## Cariotipo animal hipospádico $2n = 65, \text{XXY}$ banda C



## MOSAICOS 2n= 64,XX/63,X0



### CASOS DESCritos EN URUGUAY

1987 Postiglioni y cols.	PSC	64,XX/63,X0
1988 de Bethencourt y cols.	Hannoveriana	64,XX/63,X0
2000 de Bethencourt y cols.	Criolla	64,XX/63,X0
2002 de Bethencourt y cols.	PSC	64,XX/63,X0

# BIBLIOGRAFIA

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